

### Cyber safety of companies

Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union



#### Present

- > Currently, the companies are the most **vulnerable** ones on the internet.
- > VIRUS

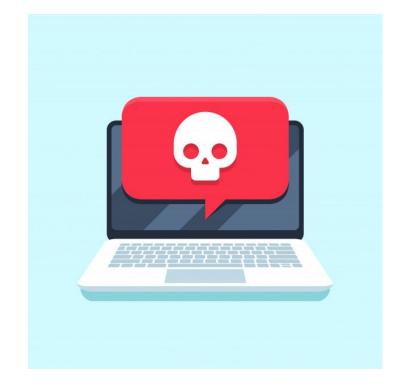


### What is a computer virus?

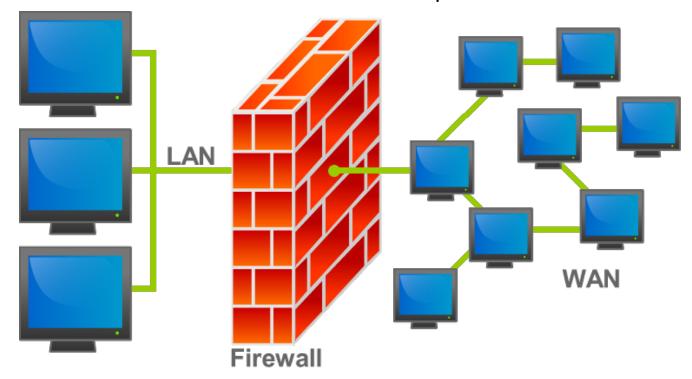
> It is a type of a computer program that replicates itself, when executed, by modifying other

computer programs and inserting its own code.





➤ 1. Install and monitor a firewall performance — A firewall is a piece or a set of software or hardware designed to block unauthorized access to computers and networks.



➤ 2. Update passwords at least every quarter — In addition to the use of passwords that are made up of lowercase and uppercase letters, symbols and numbers.

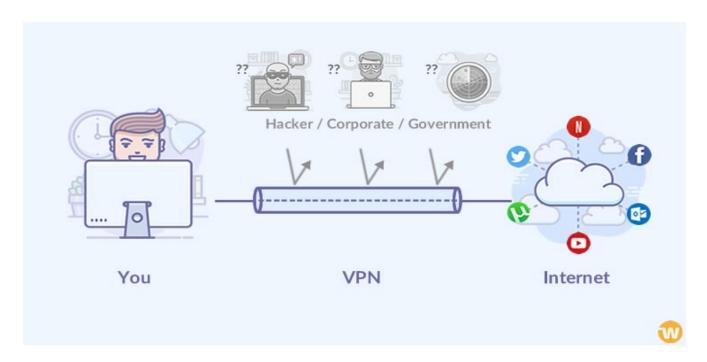




➤ 3. Maintain your anti-virus software — if you are not performing regular updates of your anti-virus software, you are putting your network at a greater risk and creating potential cybersecurity issues.



➤ 4. Create a Virtual Private Network - known as VPN — a VPN can dramatically decrease the likelihood that hackers can find a wireless access point and wreak havoc on your system.



- > 5. Training your employees some organizations work these kinds of updates into mandatory meetings to help teach the importance.
- Educating employees about how to avoid major security risks is possibly the greatest weapon you have in combating **cybercrime**.





### General Data Protection Regulation

➤ 1. General data protection regulation — known as GDPR is a regulation in EU law on data protection and privacy in the European Union and the European Economic Area.

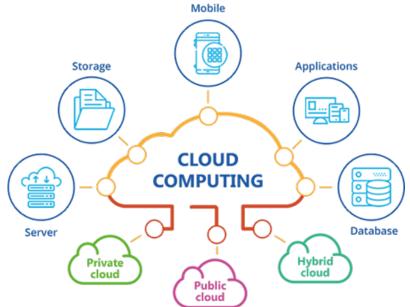


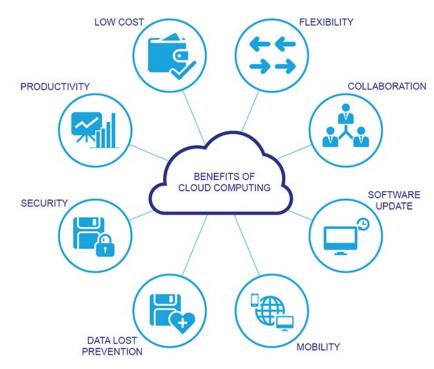


### Cloud computing

➤ Cloud computing — is the on-demand availability of computer system resources, especially data storage and computing power, without the need of a direct active management from the user. The term is generally used to describe data centers available to many users over the

internet.

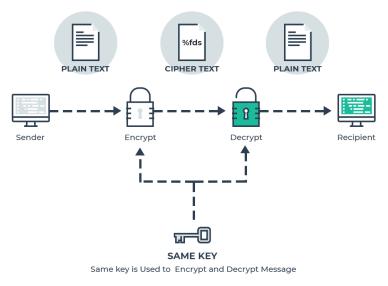




#### How is the Cloud Protected?

➤ to keep data secure, the front line of defense for any cloud system is **encryption**. Encryption methods utilize complex **algorithms** to conceal cloud-protected information. To decipher encrypted files, would-be hackers would need the **encryption key**. Although encrypted information **is not 100% uncrackable**, decryption requires a huge amount of computer processing power, forensic software, and a lot of time.





### What is data breaching?

➤ Data breach is a security incident in which information is accessed without authorization. Data breaches can hurt businesses and consumers in a variety of ways. 60 % of small businesses fail withing six months due to these attacks.



### How can data breach impact your business?

- > Regulatory fines fines paid due to customers data leakage
- > Ransomware Demands ransom paid to malware threats
- > **Downtime** hacking attempt that unables business to use their software





# Yahoo - The biggest data breach in history

In 2013, 3 billion user accounts registered on Yahoo got hacked. The attack revealed the real names, email adresses, dates of birth, telephone numbers and credit card information. The breaches stole an estimated \$350 million off Yahoo's sale price. After the incident, the company changed its name to Altaba, Inc.



### Sony's playstation network

➤ In 2011, 77 millions accounts were hacked. Credit Card details were revealed and the account information was stolen. 2.2 million card details were put for sale on the black market. Hackers continued even after it has been dealt with.





#### Y2K – Year 2000

- ➤ It was an electronic fail at the end of the millenium. Estimated money paid for the preparation 200 billion dollars. This incident created a nationwide chaos.
  - Y2K

    THelp!

### Thank you for your attention

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